

Foreign trade relations

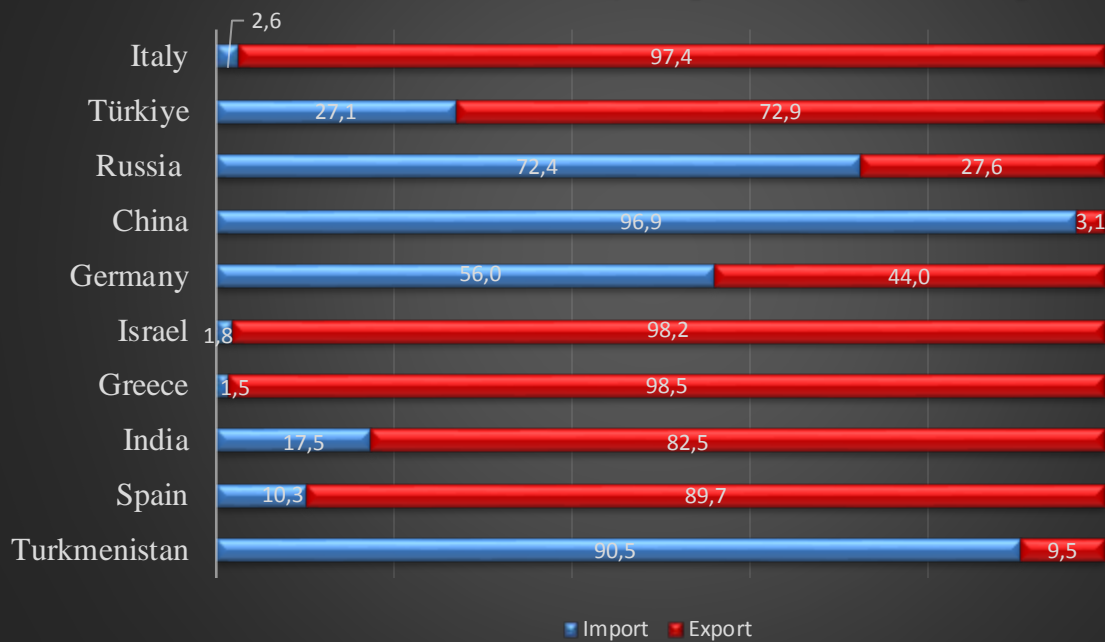
In January-September 2023 legal and natural entities of the Republic of Azerbaijan realized trade operations with their partners in 192 countries of the world, goods were exported to 117 countries and imported from 183 countries.

Taking into account value of statistically estimated exported crude oil and natural gas registered in the customs agencies but customs formalities of which not completed the foreign trade turnover of the country in January-September 2023 made 33591,9 million USD. 20977,7 million USD or 62,4% of trade turnover made the export value, 12614,2 million USD (37,6%) – import value and consequently positive trade balance reached to 8363,5 million USD. In comparison with January-September 2022, foreign trade turnover decreased in actual prices by 18,7% while in real terms it increased by 3,1%. Import in real terms increased by 4,6%, export decreased by 5,7%.

In January-September 2023 the export of non-oil-gas products, compared to the same period of the previous year, increased by 10,6% in actual prices and 6,2% in real terms and made 2434,3 million USD.

According to the State Customs Committee data, 30,8% of foreign trade turnover of the country was per the share of trade operations with Italy, 16,0% – Türkiye, 8,0% – Russia, 5,8% – China, per 3,2% - Germany and Israel, 3,1% - Greece, 2,3% - India, 2,0% - Spain, per 1,7% - Turkmenistan and Georgia, 1,6% - United Kingdom, 1,5% - Czech Republic, 1,3% - Romania, 1,2% - France, 1,1% - Croatia, per 1,0% – USA and Ireland, 13,5% – other countries.

The share of imports and exports in the trade turnover of the countries with the largest share in the foreign trade turnover in January-September 2023, in percent



44,3% of the total value of exported goods was per the share of Italy, 17,2% - Türkiye, 4,6% - Israel, 4,5% - Greece, 3,3% - Russia, 2,8% - India, 2,7% - Spain, 2,2% - Georgia, 2,1% - Germany, 2,0% - Czech Republic, 1,8% - Romania, 1,6% - Croatia, 1,5% - United Kingdom, 1,4% - Ireland, 1,2% - Bulgaria, 0,9% - Viet Nam, per 0,6% - Austria, Indonesia and Portugal, 4,1% - other countries.

The share of goods shipped to Russia (32,3%), Türkiye (26,0%), Georgia (9,9%), Switzerland (4,6%), Kazakhstan (3,2%), Turkmenistan (2,6%), Ukraine (2,1%), United Arab Emirates (1,9%), Uzbekistan (1,4%), Kyrgyzstan (1,3%), Romania (1,2%), Italy (1,2%), China (1,0%), Latvia (1,0%), Germany (1,0%) prevailed in export value on non-oil-gas products.

18,0% of total value of goods imported to the country was per the share of Russia, 17,5% - China, 13,5% - Türkiye, 5,6% - Germany, 4,9% - Turkmenistan, 3,1% - USA, 2,8% - France, 2,7% - Iran, per 2,5% - Korea and Italy, 2,4% - Japan, 2,0% - United Kingdom, 1,7% - Belarus, 1,5% - Kazakhstan, per 1,4% - Brazil and Ukraine, 1,3% - India, 0,9% - Poland, per 0,8% - Viet Nam and Georgia, 12,7% - other countries.

In January-September 2023 compared to the same period of the previous year export of main types of products like fresh fruit increased by 25,4%, fresh vegetable - 7,8%, fruit and vegetable juice - 34,1%, fruit and vegetable cans - 27,5%, natural grape wines and grape juice - 31,9%, margarine and other mixtures fit for food - 31,4%, polypropylene - 86,4%, polyethylene - 37,9%, unprocessed aluminium - 18,4%, cement clinkers - 12,7%, cotton yarn - 20,0%, while export of potato decreased by 9,1%, sugar - 16,7%, vegetable

oils – 42,7%, tea – 67,6%, tobacco – 65,3%, cotton fiber – 21,7%, mineral fertilizers – 27,9%, ferrous metal rods – 6,2%, ferrous metal pipes – 9,2%, bentonite clay – 1,1%, semi-finished products from ferrous metals – 57,8%.

In January-September 2023 compared to January-September 2022 import of wheat increased by 6,5%, flour confectionery – 8,9%, chocolate and chocolate products – 9,7%, beef – 2,2-fold, cigarettes – 12,7%, cars – 32,1%, medical products – 5,5%, rolled steel – 57,7%, ferrous metal pipes – 91,9%, computing machinery, blocks and installations – 25,3%, rubber tires – 21,6%, trucks – 41,2%, synthetic detergents – 9,1%, furniture – 11,0%, polyethylene – 47,4%, mineral fertilizers – 50,7%, washing machines – 52,0%, ferrous metal corners – 18,8%, polypropylene – 41,0%, domestic refrigerators – 59,9%, while import of raw sugar decreased by 7,4%, vegetable oils – 4,6%, fresh fruit – 9,0%, butter, other milk fats and pastas – 14,1%, tea – 10,3%, poultry meat and its additional products – 5,4%, potato – 15,2%, fresh vegetables – 0,3%, household air conditioners – 5,3%, ferrous metal rods – 5,5%, buses – 73,6%, cement – 31,2%.

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